

UNESCO Work on Early Warning Systems

AWCI Session for the 15th AOGEO Symposium

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Water, SDGs and other related agendas

Water connects and is at the centre of SDGs and other related agendas:



Water & Climate Coalition WMO, UN system



IHP-IX "Science for a Water Secure World in a Changing Environment" (2022-2029)



INESCI

Five priority areas:

- Scientific research and innovation
- Education in the Fourth Industrial Revolution including Water Sustainability
- Bridging the **data-knowledge gap**
- Integrated water resources management under conditions of global change
- Water Governance based on science for mitigation, adaptation and resilience

34 expected outputs

150 Key activities (draft implementation Plan)

Mobilizing UNESCO Water Family



Mobilizing UNESCO Water Initiatives

As a programme at the global level, IHP covers a wide spectrum of initiatives:





Flow Regimes from International Experimental and Network Data



and Policy

MAR Managing Aquifer Recharge







G-WADI Global Network on Water and Development Information in Arid Lands





IWRM Integrated Water Resources Management

Internationally Shared Aquifer Resources

Management





From Potential Conflict to Cooperation Potential World's Large Rivers Initiative

Urban Water Management Programme



Water Information Network System WHYMAP World Hydrogeological Map



Groundwater Resources Assessment under the Pressures of Humanity and Climate Change



IHP-IX thematic working groups for operational implementation



Thematic OEWG

 Scientific Research and Innovation
Water Education in the Fourth Industrial Revolution including Sustainability

3. Bridging the data and knowledge gap4. Integrated Water ResourcesManagement under conditions of GlobalChange

5. Water Governance based on Science for Mitigation, Adaptation and Resilience

Additional cross-sectoral groups: 1. Hydrological Systems, Rivers, Climate Risk and Water-Food-Energy Nexus 2. Groundwater and Human

Settlements

3. Ecohydrology and Water Quality;



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- 1.6 Scientific knowledge, methodologies and tools in addressing water-related disasters, such as flood and drought elaborated and/or enhanced towards timely forecasting
- 4.2 Research on upstream-downstream river uses for hydropower, navigation, fishery, leisure activities, water supply, drought risk management and flood risk management conducted and shared by the scientific community and UNESCO Water Family to minimize socio-economic and ecological consequences
- 5.1 Awareness raising of decision makers at all levels on the importance of sciencebased water governance by the UNESCO Water Family supported, to enhance the overall resilience of communities to effects of global change
- 5.5 Capacities of the scientific community and decision makers strengthened on new frameworks and tools, to underpin water governance and build resilience



UNESCO: Early Warning Systems

UNESCO has expanded its work in EWS initiatives through IHP and the IFI, G-WADI and IDI Flagship Initiatives.

Some milestones are:

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- Drought Monitor for Africa (2010)
- Indus-Integrated Flood Analysis System (IFAS) (2010)
- Global near-real-time rainfall estimates (iRain) (2011)
- Flood and Drought Monitor for Latin America and the Caribbean (2014)
- Chilean Flood and Drought Monitor (2016)
- Implementation of National Flood and Drought EWS in southern African countries (2019 onwards)
- Transboundary Flood EWS in Western Africa and Zimbabwe/Mozambique (2020 onwards)



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Intergovernmental Hydrological Programme





UNESCO: Early Warning Systems (Africa)

Regional Flood Early Warning System (FEWS) prototype for Niger and Volta River Basin on Data Integration and Analysis System (DIAS)

- AGRHYMET, NBA, VBA and 11 countries of the Niger and Volta River basins
- E-Learning: Training of Experts (ToE)
- E-Learning: Training of Trainers (ToT)

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UNESCO: Early Warning Systems (Africa)

Flood and Drought Monitor Platforms

- Continental: Africa
- National:
 - Zimbabwe
 - Mozambique
 - Malawi
 - Namibia
 - South Africa



Accessible en: https://en.unesco.org/disaster-risk-reduction/ews-water



UNESCO: Early Warning Systems (Worldwide)

 <u>https://rainsphere.</u> <u>eng.uci.edu/</u>

An integrated system for global satellite precipitation data and information developed by CHRS and UNESCO





Climate Risk Informed Decision Aanalysis (CRIDA)

Outreach and Capacity Building

- Framework to identify potential water security risks in hydrological systems providing a stepwise planning process to identify and address the challenges for sustainable water resources management through a five-step approach
- Online course on UNESCO Open Learning
- 814 participants in the English version
- 369 participants in the Spanish version
- 11 case studies from around the world (Sri Lanka, Thailand, Philippines, Colombia, Chile, Mexico, Ecuador, Zambia, Sweden, Germany and United States of America)
- COP27: launching of English, Spanish, French and Arabic manuals and online courses





Interactive themes of the Water Conference

- Water for Health: Access to safe drinking water, hygiene and sanitation (SDG 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and SDGs 1, 3, 4, 5, 17);
- 2. Water for Development: Valuing Water, Water-Energy-Food Nexus and Sustainable Economic and Urban Development (SDG 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and SDGs 2, 11, 12);
- 3. Water for Climate, Resilience and Environment: Source to Sea, Biodiversity, Climate, Resilience and DRR (SDGs 6.5, 6.6, 7, 11.5, 13, 14, 15);
- 4. Water for Cooperation: Transboundary and International Water Cooperation, Cross Sectoral Cooperation and Water Across the 2030 Agenda (SDG 6.5, 6.b and SDG 16, 17);
- 5. Water Action Decade: Accelerating the implementation of the objectives of the Decade including through the UN SG's Action Plan.





Thank you



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